

Proviso.
Payment of expenses.

Parole eligibility of inmates.
Vol. 36, p. 819.

Good conduct commutation.
Vol. 32, p. 397; Vol. 36, p. 819; Vol. 37, p. 650.

Transportation, clothing, and cash on discharge.

Inconsistent laws repealed.

to the reestablishment in society of the inmates discharged therefrom, whether by pardon, commutation, parole, or expiration of sentence, particularly with a view of securing suitable and remunerative employment for said discharged inmates: *Provided*, That the expenses of said board shall be paid out of the appropriation for the maintenance of the reformatory.

SEC. 9. That the inmates of the United States Industrial Reformatory shall be eligible for parole under sections 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, and 8 of the Act of Congress approved June 25, 1910, being an Act to provide for the parole of United States prisoners and for other purposes, which provisions are hereby made to apply to all inmates of said reformatory. Such inmates shall be entitled to commutation allowance for good conduct in accordance with the provisions of the Act of Congress approved June 21, 1902, and entitled "An Act to regulate commutation for good conduct for United States prisoners," and the Acts amendatory thereof and supplemental thereto.

SEC. 10. That every prisoner, when discharged from the United States Industrial Reformatory, shall be furnished with transportation to place of conviction, or place of bona fide residence, or to such other place within the United States as may be authorized by the Attorney General, and he shall also be furnished with suitable clothing and \$10 in money.

SEC. 11. That all Acts and parts of Acts inconsistent with the provisions of this Act are hereby repealed.

Approved, January 7, 1925.

January 7, 1925.
[H. R. 5425.]

[Public, No. 306.]

CHAP. 33.—An Act To provide for the disposition of moneys paid to or received by any official as a bribe, which may be used as evidence in any case growing out of any such transaction.

United States courts.
Moneys used as evidence of official bribery to be deposited in registry of the court.

Disposition.

Vol. 36, p. 1083.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That hereafter all moneys received or tendered in evidence in any case, proceeding, or investigation in any United States court, or before any officer thereof, which have been paid to or received by any official as a bribe, shall after the conclusion and final disposition of the particular case, proceeding, or investigation in which it was received as evidence, be deposited in the registry of the court to be disposed of under and in accordance with the order, judgment or decree of the said court, to be subject, however, to the provisions of section 996 Revised Statutes, as amended.

Approved, January 7, 1925.

January 7, 1925.
[H. R. 6541.]

[Public, No. 307.]

CHAP. 34.—An Act To amend an Act entitled "An Act to provide for the disposal of the unallotted lands on the Omaha Indian Reservation, in the State of Nebraska."

Omaha Indian Reservation, Nebr.
Vol. 37, p. 111, amended.

Disposal of unallotted lands on.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Act approved May 11, 1912 (Thirty-seventh Statutes at Large, page 111), entitled "An Act to provide for the disposal of the unallotted land on the Omaha Indian Reservation, in the State of Nebraska," is hereby amended by striking out all after the enacting clause and inserting the following:

"That the Secretary of the Interior be, and he is hereby, authorized to cause to be surveyed, if necessary, and appraised in such manner as he may direct, in tracts of forty acres each, or as